### **Opening Remarks**

## Ethics in Medicine, Public Health and Biotechnology

**Arthur Kleinman, Harvard University** 

Harvard China Fund Annual Symposium "The Current Situation of Health in China" May 9<sup>th</sup>, 2012 Harvard Center Shanghai



### What is the "Moral"?

#### 1) Moral Experience

Life is about values. Just being alive, negotiating important relations with others, doing work that means something to us, and living in some particular local place indicate that moral experience is inescapable.

#### 2) Moral Life

Life is moral because we want to live a moral life. This includes moral imagination, moral responsibility, moral criticism, and moral engagement.



### **Ethics**



- Ethics in moral life
  - The translocal aspirations of individuals to act ethically
- Ethics as a professional discourse
  - A normative language of elites

# Examples of Moral and Social Issues in a Transforming Asia





- Decline in familial and filial ties
- Rise of individualism and materialism
- Spread of an urban youth culture to rural areas
- Epidemic of drugs, suicides, and violence
- Transformation of public ethics
- Deepening problem of corruption
- Conflicts between private gains and public welfare
- Inadequate regulatory structures and legal systems



## Business and Professional Ethics and Local Moral Worlds

- Ethics training programs typically emphasize generalized principles and individual choices
- Yet such training programs should explicitly take into account the actual social conditions that motivate or discourage individuals to abide by general codes of conduct
- Case-based research and teaching exposes context-specific ethical problems and their social foundations



## Moral Experience, Research, and Biotechnology

- I am advocating that we do ethics applied to research and biotechnology through the empirical study of actual local worlds in the laboratory, the research clinic, the population research setting and the biotechnology academic and industrial unit
- It is through real problems and actual **conflicts** in these worlds that ethics can be understood and taught



## Current State of Ethics Training in East and Southeast Asian Societies



- Despite rich local traditions of ethical thought, ethics training in Asia has lagged behind extraordinary accomplishments in commercial and professional sectors
- Ethical codes of conduct in Asia have often been based on European and American frameworks



# New Directions for Ethics Programs in Asia



- Professional and business ethics training in Asia should draw on rich local traditions of ethical thought in these societies
  - For example, should consider virtue-based ethics found in Confucian-influenced societies (as opposed to an exclusive focus on Euro-American principle-based ethics)
- Should take into account social transformations accompanying development in Asian societies



# An Approach to Ethics as Self-Cultivation

- Drawing on Confucian traditions, Asian societies, more than Euro-American societies, have emphasized moral cultivation and the virtue of the individual as approaches to ethics
- Moral cultivation needs to be developed out of engagement with local ethical traditions and real world problems
- Such cultivation requires that the surrounding local moral world be encouraging and supportive



## Cultivating the Moral Self

- Education in the humanities can help cultivate a deeper, richer, and more receptive sensibility: critical, aesthetically alert, and morally responsive
- The practice of caregiving, in which one is responsive to and responsible for another, is also an experience that deepens our humanity and refines our moral sensibilities





## Morality and Caregiving

- Caregiving as an existential act that defines our humanity and our relationships with others
- In practice, not a burden but a way of being
- Caregiving provides a model of an ethical orientation we can strive to adopt in diverse aspects of our lives, including in professional settings





#### Image Credits

- Milk in Chinese Supermarket, AP/Color China News, 2009, <a href="http://blogs.wsj.com/chinarealtime/2009/04/10/new-jobs-for-officials-punished-in-chinas-milk-scandal/">http://blogs.wsj.com/chinarealtime/2009/04/10/new-jobs-for-officials-punished-in-chinas-milk-scandal/</a>
- Illegal timber confiscated in Pelawan, Indonesia, AFP, 2010, http://www.guardian.co.uk/environment/2010/jul/15/illegal-logging-decline
- Thai Buddhist palm leaf manuscript, Collection of Arthur M. Sackler Museum, Harvard University, <a href="http://www.harvardartmuseums.org/collection/detail.dot?objectid=1972.283&viewall=y&fulltext=buddhist&pc=1&page=1">http://www.harvardartmuseums.org/collection/detail.dot?objectid=1972.283&viewall=y&fulltext=buddhist&pc=1&page=1</a>
- A Confucian scholar in Hanoi, Steve Northup, <u>http://www.nieman.harvard.edu/reports/article/101082/A-Photojournalist-Returns-to-Vietnam.aspx</u>
- Statue of Confucius at the entrance to the National Museum of China, Studio360, http://www.studio360.org/2011/apr/01/world-biggest-museum-opens-china/slideshow/
- A Thai woman comforts her husband in his final hours battling late-stage AIDS, BBC News, 2003, http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/in\_depth/photo\_gallery/3246977.stm

